

Overview of the Nutrient Watershed Permit

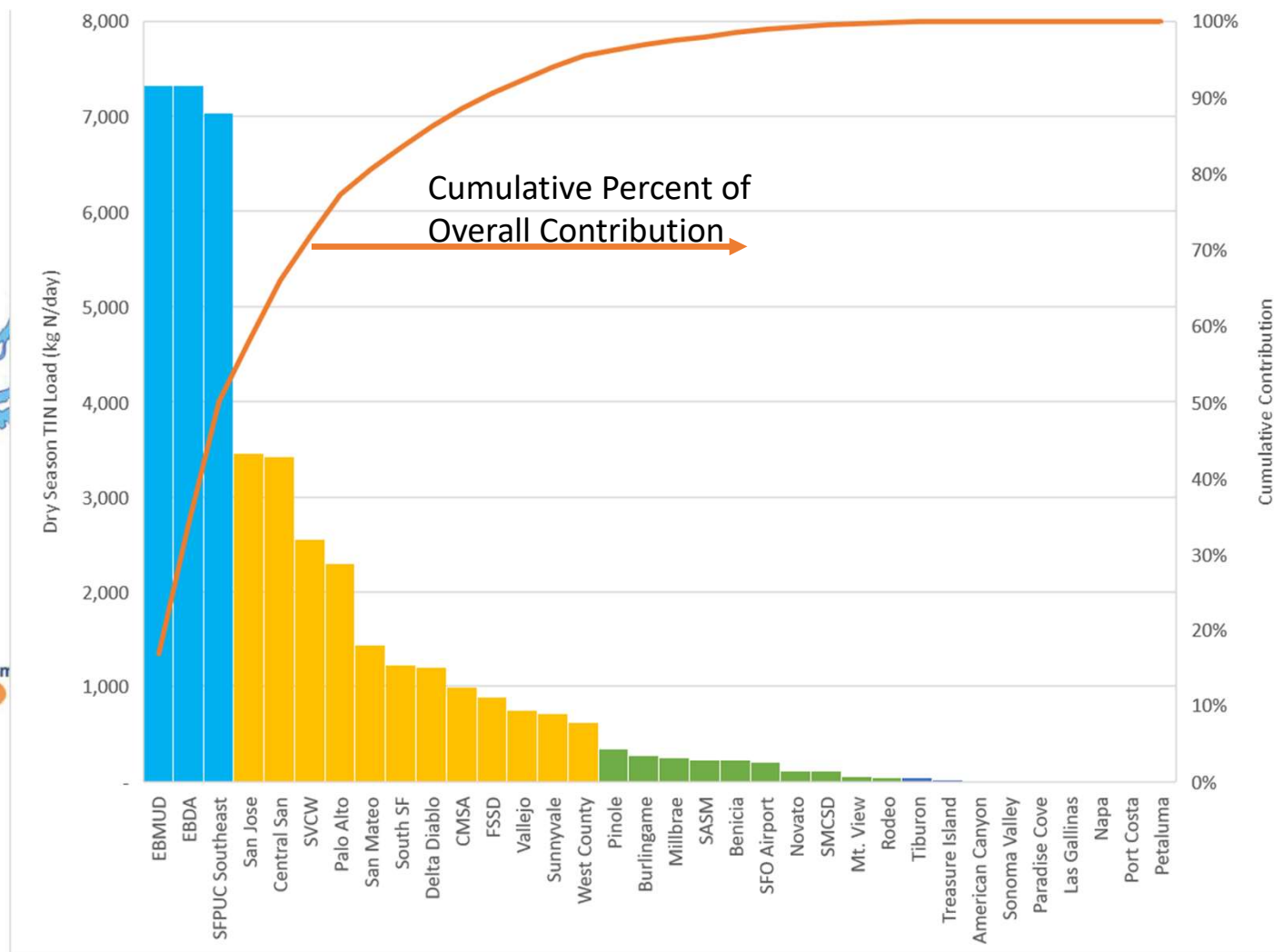


Lorien Fono, BACWA

April 29, 2025

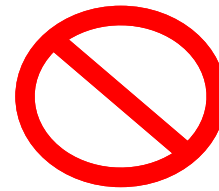
The Nexus Between Nutrient Removal Requirements
and Water Recycling

40 POTWs discharge
86% of dry season
nitrogen to SF Bay

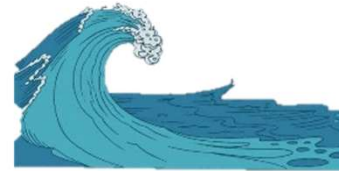


The SF Bay has historically been resilient to nutrients

1. High turbidity blocks the light
phytoplankton needs to grow



2. Strong tidal mixing reduces nutrient
concentrations



3. Filter-feeding clams reduces phytoplankton
concentrations



San Francisco Chronicle

Poop and pee cause algae blooms in S.F. Bay. Water agencies will spend \$11 billion to fix the problem



History of the Nutrient Watershed Permit

#1: 2014

- Monitoring and Reporting
- Support for Science
- **Nutrient Reduction via Optimization and Upgrade Study**

#2: 2019

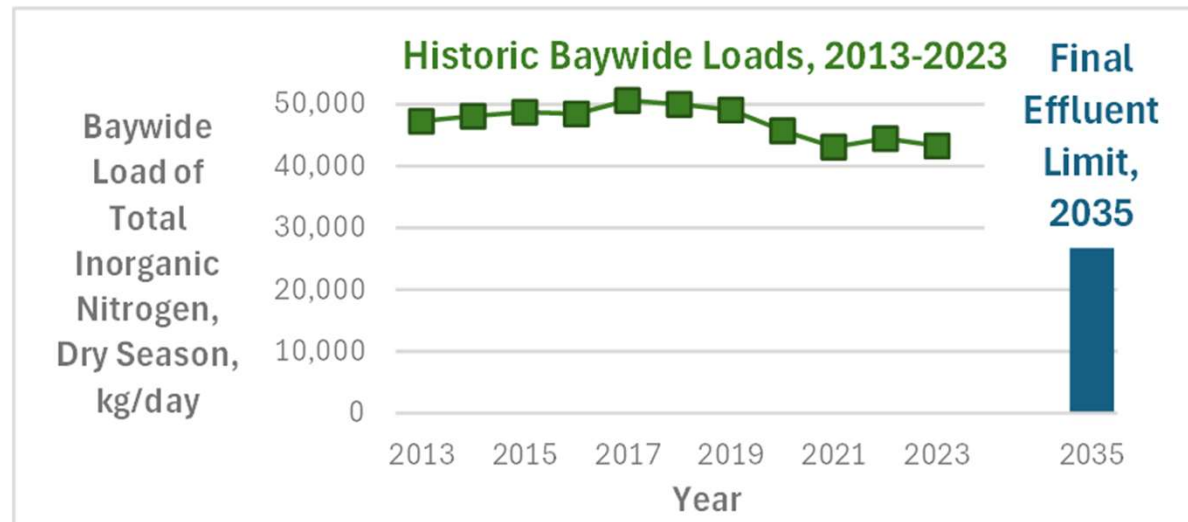
- Monitoring and Reporting
- Support for Science
- **Nutrient Reduction via Recycled Water and NBS Studies**

#3: 2024

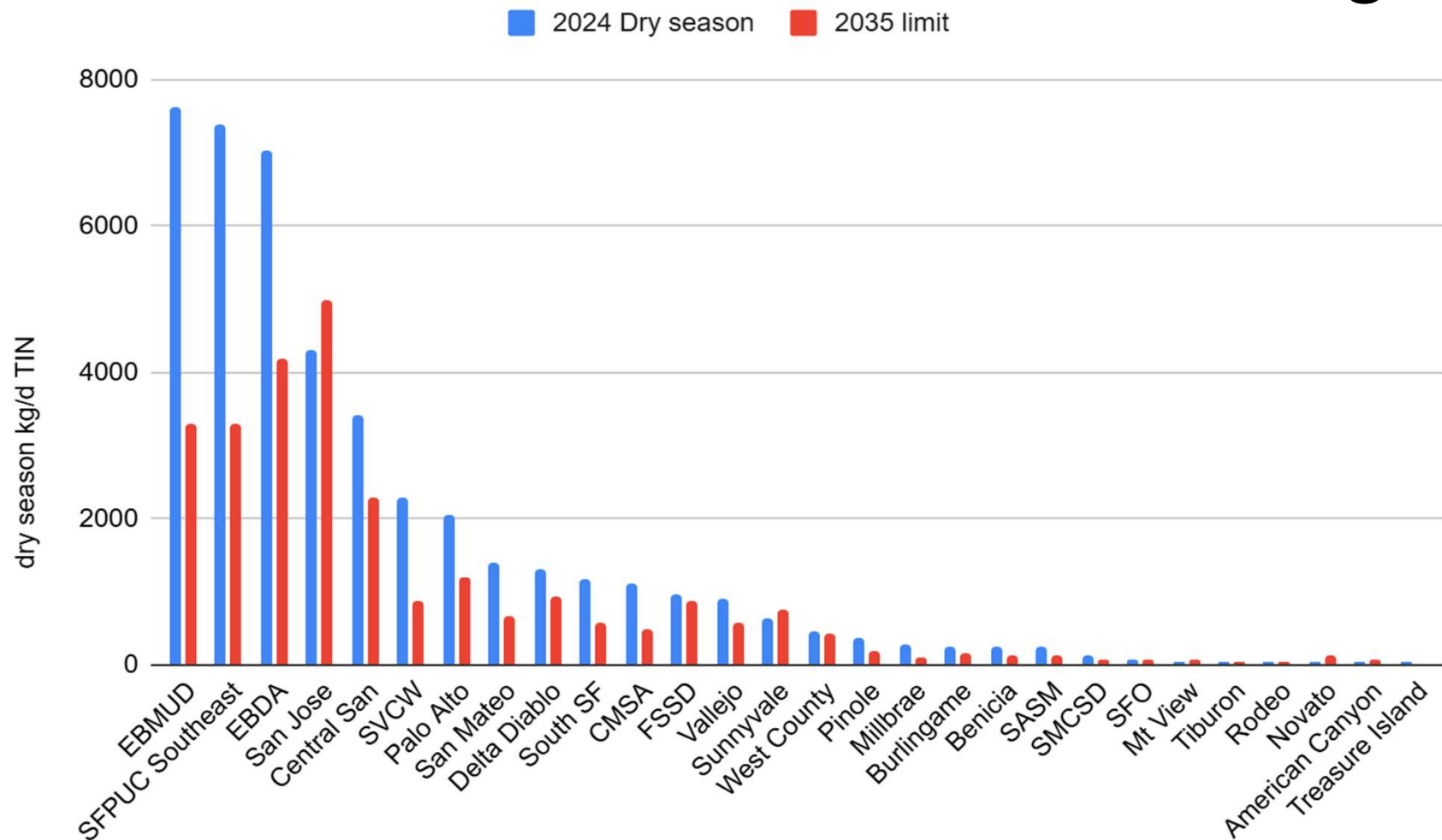
- Monitoring and Reporting
- Support for Science
- **Regional Planning**
- **Load Limitations**
- **Compliance Milestone Reporting**

Third Watershed Permit adopted July 10, 2024

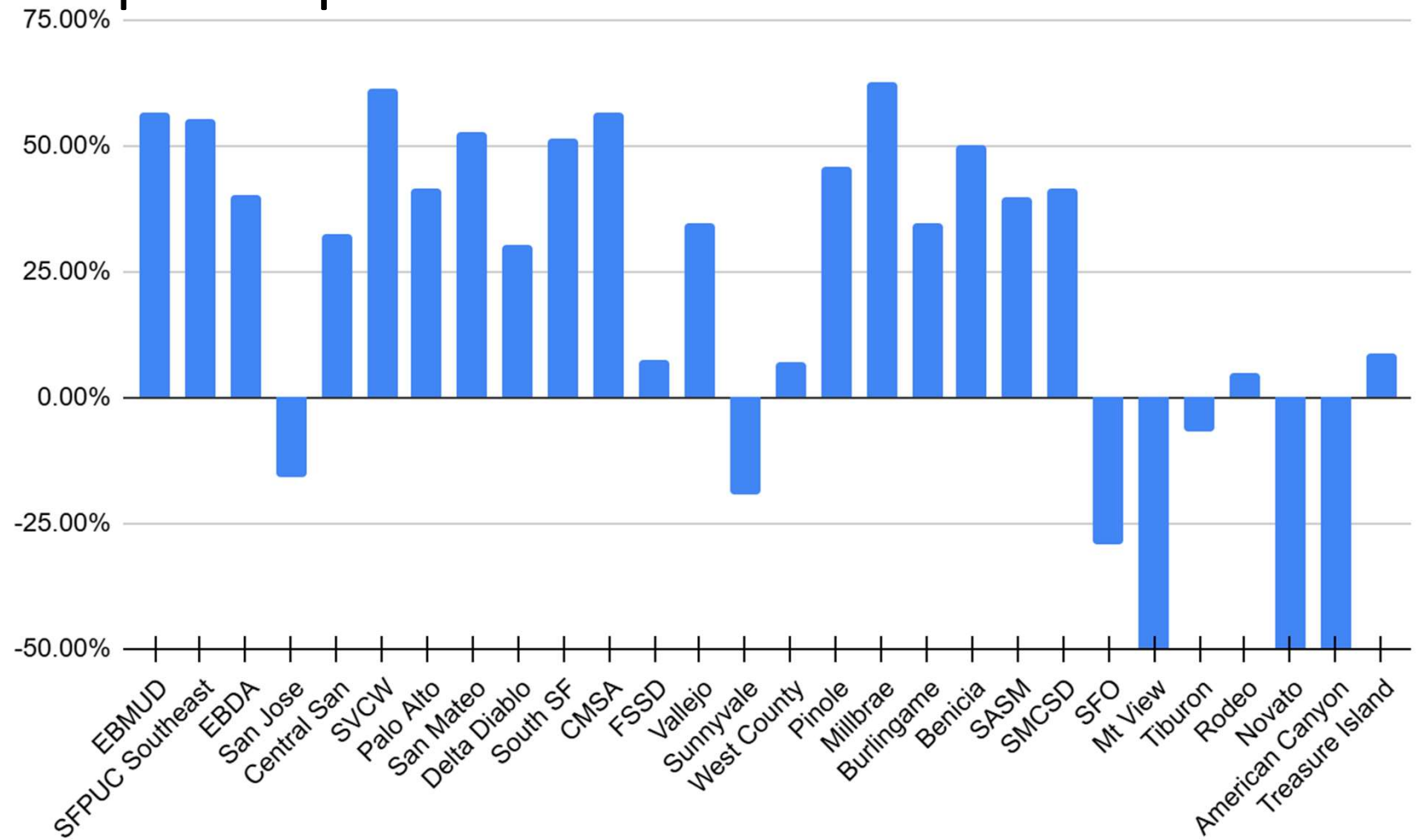
- Requires **40% aggregate dry season** load reduction
- Apportioned based on current performance – load limits calculated by multiplying effluent flow by **20.5 mg/L TIN**
- **10-year** compliance schedule
- Allows nitrogen trading
- Recognition that early actors, projects with multiple benefits and others will need more time – **Water Board working on a Basin Plan Amendment to provide extended compliance schedules for some projects**



Permit load reduction allocation across agencies



Required percent reduction from 2024 loads



Cost estimates for regional nutrient reduction from 1st Watershed Permit

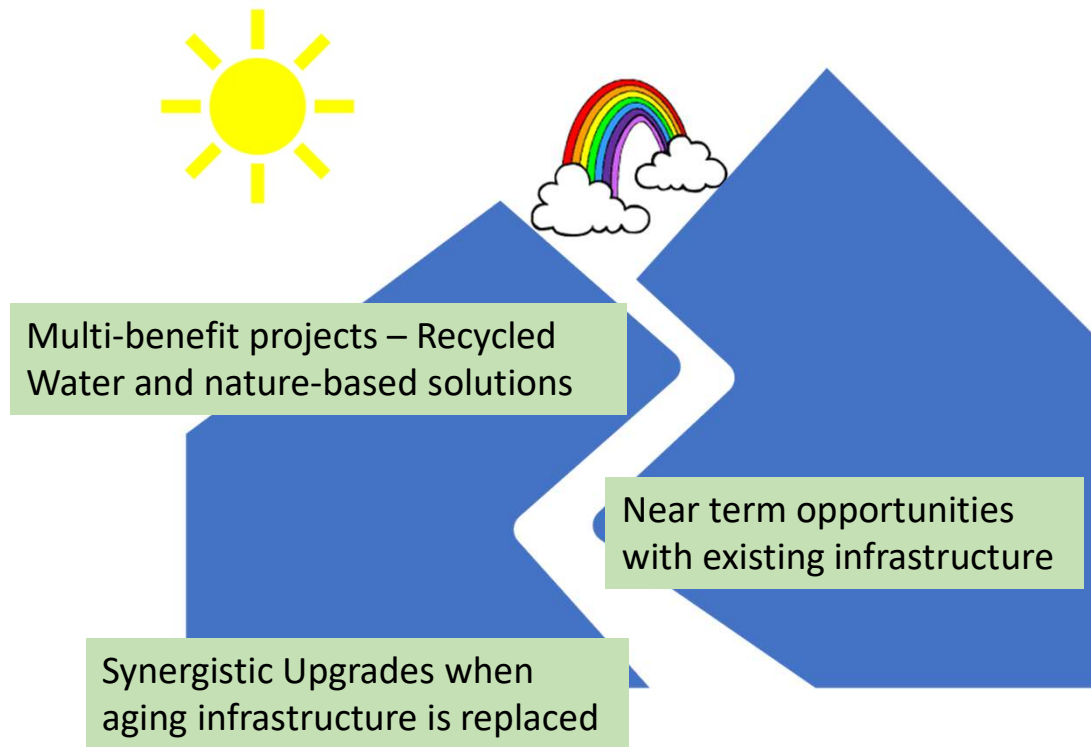


Bay Area Clean Water Agencies
Nutrient Reduction Study
Potential Nutrient Reduction
by Treatment Optimization, Sidestream
Treatment, Treatment Upgrades, and Other
Means
Final Report
June 22, 2018



Strategy	Total N Load Reduction to the Bay	Total Present Value for Total N Load Reduction to the Bay (\$ Mil in 2023)
Optimization	7%	\$200 M
Sidestream Treatment	19%	\$870 M
Upgrade Level 2 (15 mg N/L)	57%	\$10.8 B
Upgrade Level 3 (6 mg N/L)	82%	\$13.0 B

BACWA's members are planning a mixed approach to nutrient reduction



Identification of alternatives for each agency were submitted to the Water Board on April 1, 2025.

Benefits of regional planning



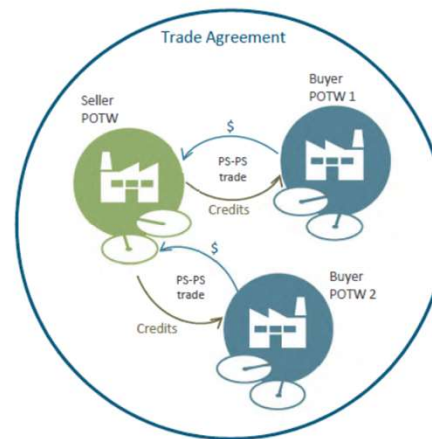
- Forecast regional projects to chart path to Baywide compliance and to identify opportunities to collaborate
- Lay out construction schedules to inform industry
- Communicate about costs and rate/affordability impacts
- Compile information to support Water Board's Basin Plan Amendment to provide extended compliance schedules
- Inform Bay Area Air District to allow them to allocate permitting resources
- Develop information to support trading framework

How can trading support recycled water?

- Allow agencies to fill in the gap between TIN reduction via RW demand and TIN limits
- Additional revenue stream for decreasing TIN below limits through RW
- Tool for providing a value for TIN removal to use in interagency recycled water agreements

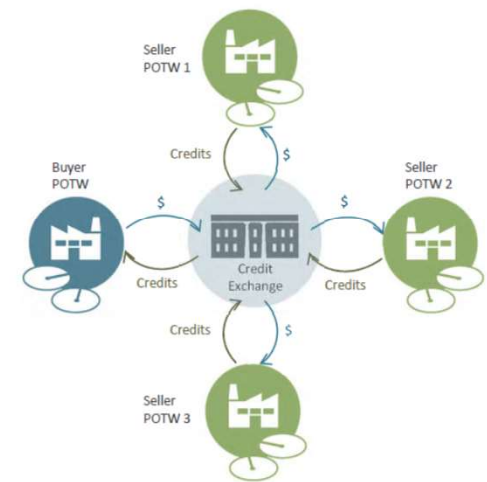
Trading Scenarios

Multiple Point Source Trading



Adapted from US EPA

Point Source Credit Exchange



The Freshwater Trust® www.thefreshwatertrust.org



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BAY AREA
CLEAN WATER
AGENCIES

More info:

<https://bacwa.org/nutrients-2/>

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