

Valley Water

# Countywide Water Reuse Master Plan (CoRe Plan) WateReuse California Chapter Meeting

December 16, 2021





## **Topics**



1. Vision: Goals and Objectives.



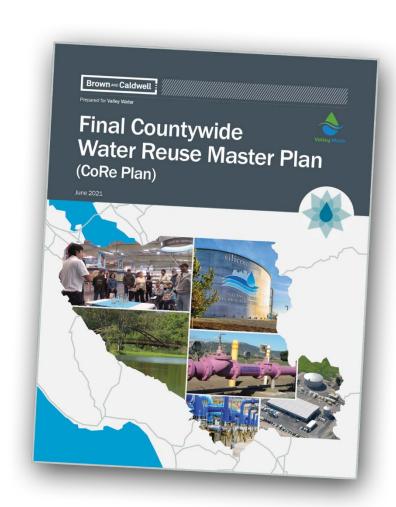
2. Journey: CoRe Plan development approach, reuse options evaluated, and key findings.



3. Path Ahead: Near-term next steps and foundation for future decision-making.

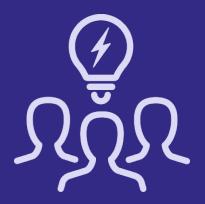


**CoRe Plan = Countywide Water Reuse Master Plan** 



# 1. Vision

- 2. Journey
- 3. Path Ahead









# **CoRe Plan Goal and Objectives**

#### Goal:

Identify feasible opportunities for expanding reuse as part of Valley Water's strategy to improve water supply reliability and regional self-reliance

- Aligned with Valley Water's One Water Plan and Water Supply Master Plan 2040
- Through substantial engagement and collaboration with Partner Agencies

#### **Objectives:**

- Integrate existing recycled water systems and expand non-potable reuse (NPR)
- Develop purified water systems in partnership with recycled water producers/suppliers (Partner Agencies) and other interested parties to enable potable reuse

# **Partner Agencies**



**Palo Alto RWQCP** 

**Sunnyvale WPCP** 

San José/Santa Clara RWF

**SCRWA** 

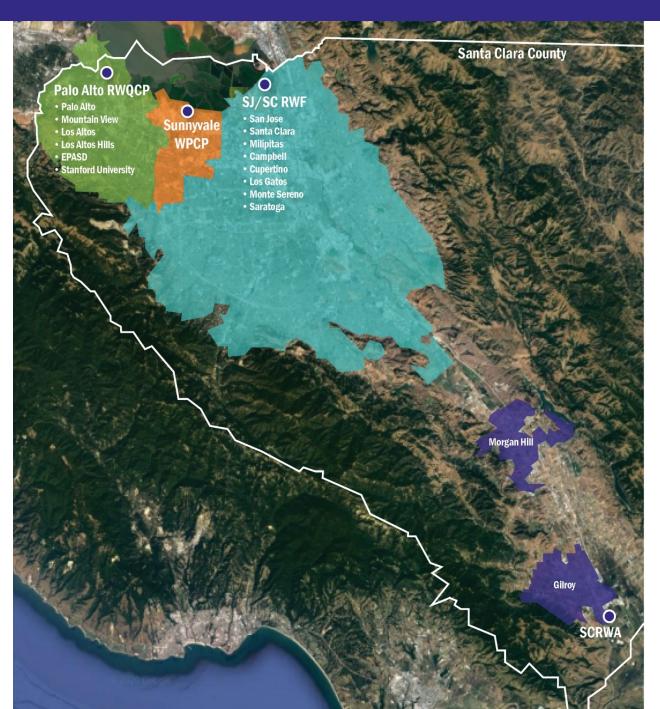


**Palo Alto/Mountain View RWS** 

**Sunnyvale RWS** 

**South Bay Water Recycling** 

**South County RWS (Gilroy)** 



# Multiple Levels of Engagement

#### **Valley Water**

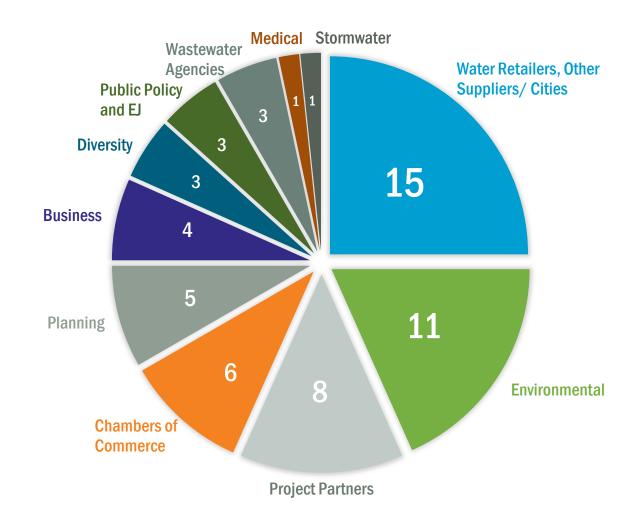
Board and staff

#### **Project Partners**

City Councils and staff

#### **Advisory Groups**

- Stakeholders (chart to right)
- Regulators
- Independent Advisory Panel (IAP)



1. Vision

# 2. Journey Up

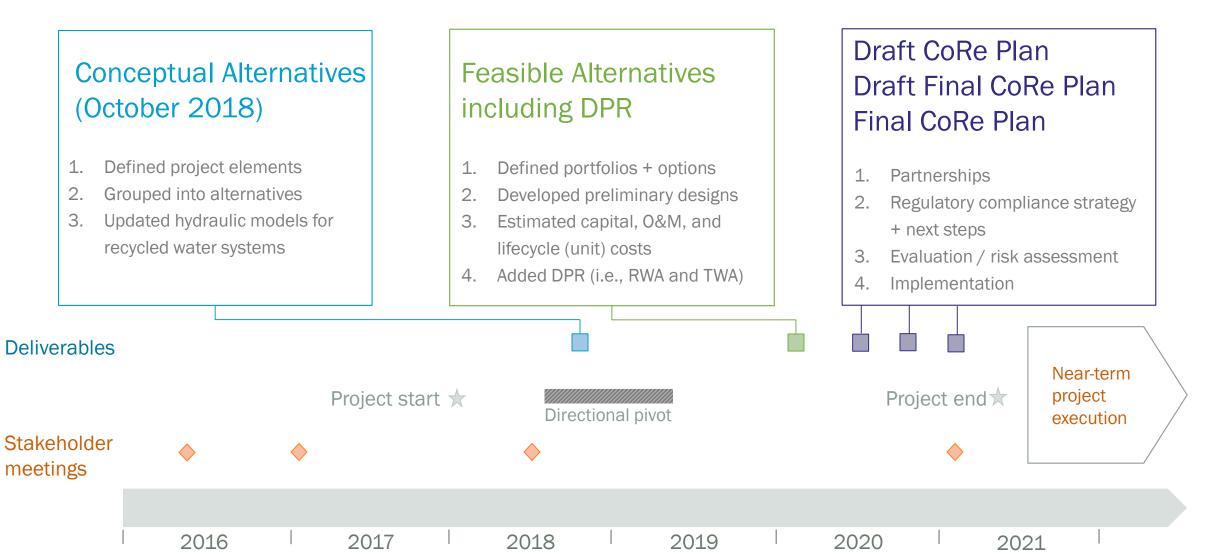
3. Path Ahead







## Project Background - since 11/18 RWC meeting



#### **Final CoRe Plan Overview**

#### By the numbers:

1,000+
Pages of technical documentation

100
Pages in the CoRe Plan

60+
Meetings



60 Stakeholder entities involved **10** 

Reuse portfolios developed

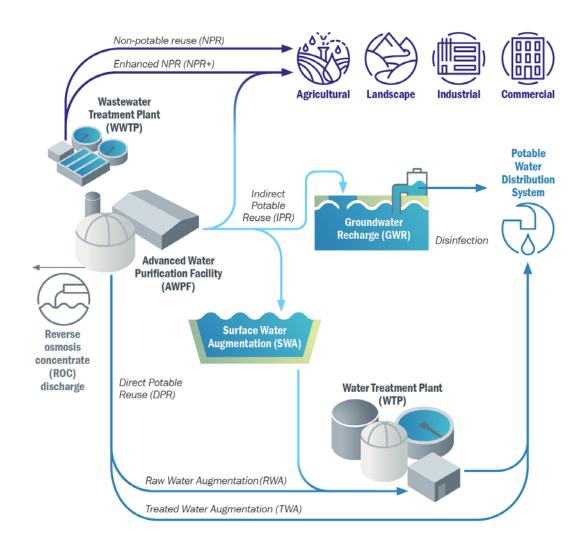
Years in the making



1 Integrated Plan

## **0**

# **Glossary Defines Terms**



#### **Wastewater treatment plant (WWTP)**

Non-potable reuse (NPR)

**Enhanced NPR (NPR+)** 

#### Indirect potable reuse (IPR)

Groundwater recharge (GWR)
Surface water augmentation (SWA)

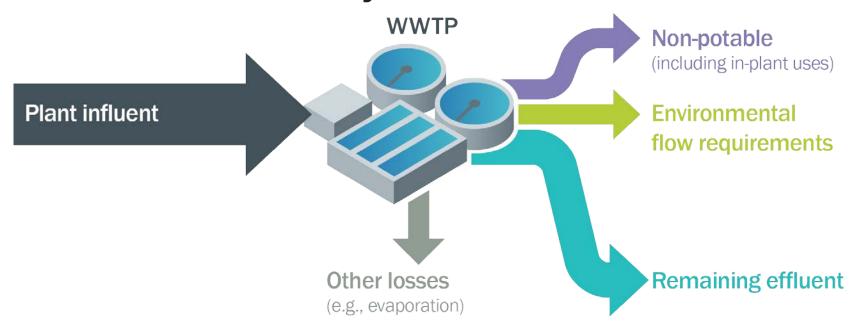
#### **Direct potable reuse (DPR)**

Raw water augmentation (RWA)
Treated water augmentation (TWA)

**Advanced water purification facility (AWPF)** 

Water treatment plant (WTP)

# **Source Water Availability**



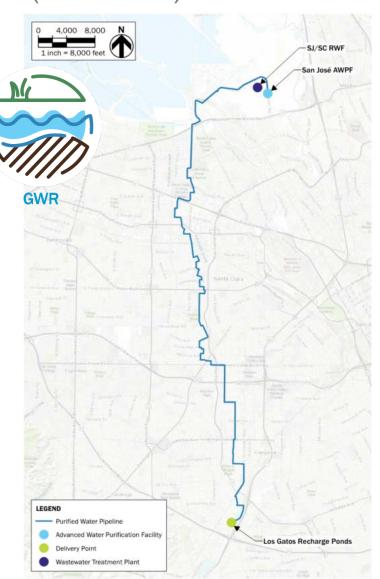
# Potential annual yield of purified water for potable reuse, considering producer and source water availability

· ·	
Facility	Potential yield (AFY) <sup>a</sup>
San José AWPF	24,000
Palo Alto AWPF	11,700 - 13,200
Sunnyvale AWPF	5,500 - 9,800
Palo Alto and Sunnyvale (combined)	17,300 <sup>b</sup> - 23,000
Morgan Hill Satellite AWPF	1,900

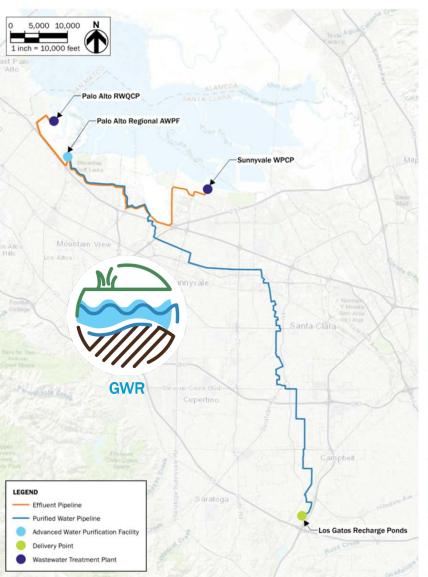
Note: 24,000 AFY Potable Reuse Goal

# **GWR to Los Gatos Recharge System**

(Portfolio 1a)



(Portfolio 2a)



(Portfolio 4)



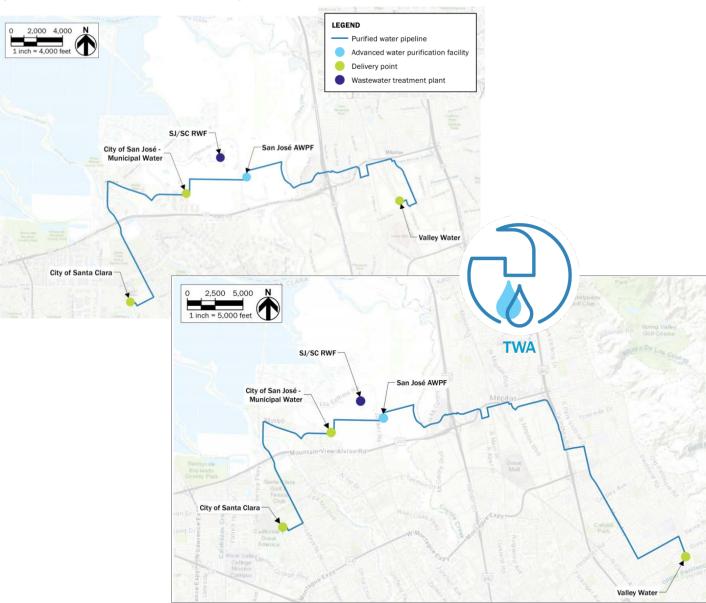
#### **RWA** to Penitencia WTP

(Portfolio 1b)

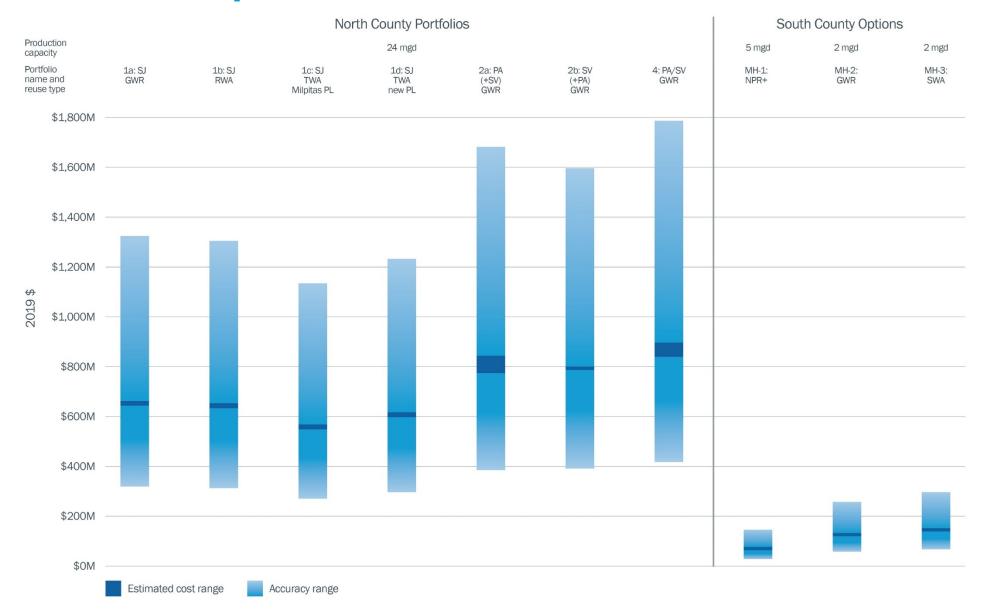


### TWA via Milpitas or PW Pipeline

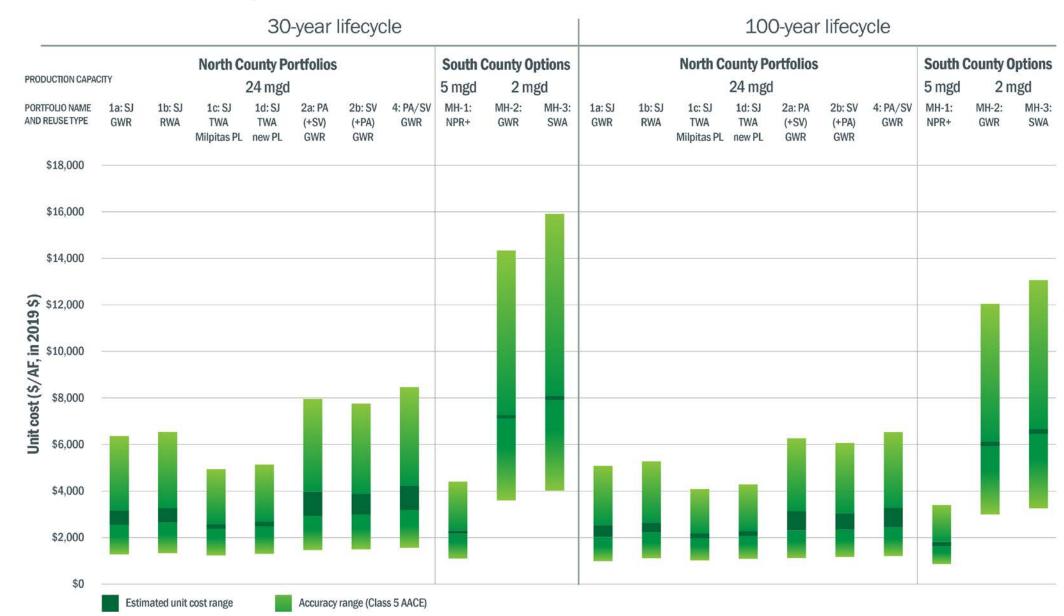
(Portfolios 1c and 1d)



# **Estimated Capital Costs**



# **Estimated Lifecycle Unit Costs**



# **Evaluation + Risk Analysis = Support Decision-Making**

#### Criteria built into the CoRe evaluation tool



**Economics** 



Countywide (regional) supply reliability



Environmental impacts and benefits and sustainability



Ease of implementation and regulatory compliance



Engineering feasibility

18 sub-criteria further define the 5 criteria and distinguish scoring

# **Regulatory Considerations**

#### **Public Health**

**Pathogens** 

**Chemicals** 

**Source control** 

**Monitoring and control** 

**Retention and response time** 

**TMF** capacity

#### **Environmental Compliance**

**SF Basin Plan** 

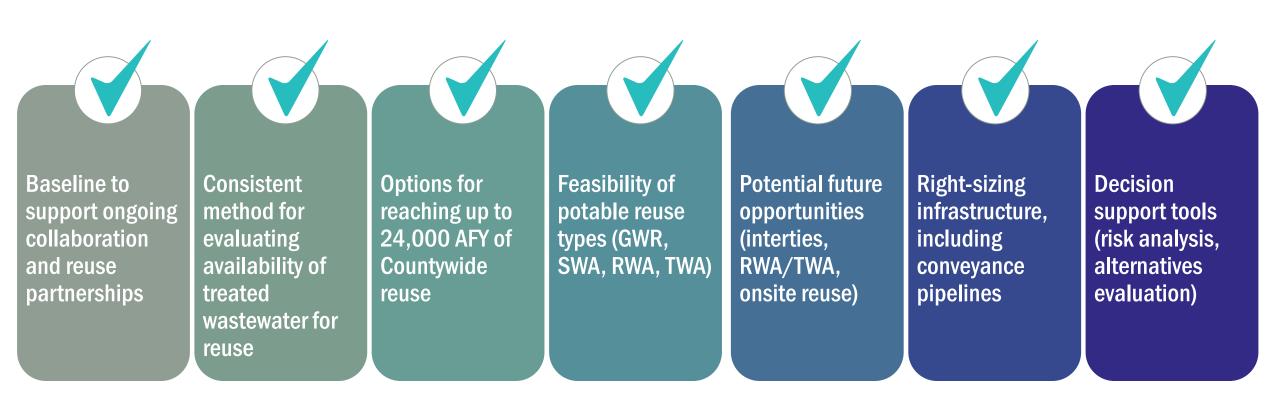
California Toxics Rule

**SNMP** 

**Anti-degradation** 

**Chlorine residual** 

# Final CoRe Plan Value and Key Take-Aways



- Introduction

# 2. Countywide Reuse Project Status 3. Path Ahead







# **Project Delivery Method**

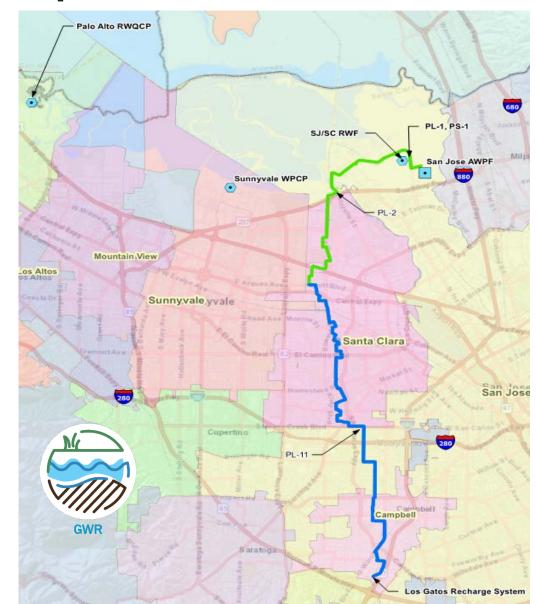
**Using Design-Build-Finance-Operate-**Maintain (DBFOM) Delivery Method. A private entity delivers the project, Valley Water retains ownership and partners with the private entity as part of a P3.



(P3) Public Private Partnership

# Near-Term 10 mgd Project Concept





#### **Next Steps for Implementation**

#### **Partnerships**

Ongoing collaboration and discussion







Water Supply Planning

g SOURCE WATER

Potable Reuse Goals secure
Entify Availability of Agreements
Source Water for Source Water
Assurance



Re-evaluate Source Water Conditions and Expansion Potential

#### **DESIGN + CONSTRUCTION**

Preliminary Design Detailed Design Construction Operations

#### FUNDING + RATES

Estimate Program Cost and Analyze Rate Impact

Identify Funding Source and Cost Sharing Secure Funding

#### LAND + EASEMENTS

Identify Parcel

Acquire Land and Easements

State Board Action

#### REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

Finalize RWA/ TWA Regulations

Regulatory Compliance Strategy and Plan

Final Permitting

Ongoing Regulatory Compliance Adaptations

EIS/R

PUBLIC OUTREACH

Conduct Public Outreach

# Thank you. Questions?



