Scottsdale Water Campus Arizona's First Direct Potable Reuse Full Scale Permit

Brian K. Biesemeyer, PE, Scottsdale Water Executive Director











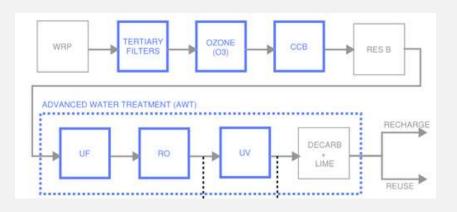






Water Campus History

- Initially
 - o WRP
 - AWT
 - Membrane Filtration
 - Reverse Osmosis
- Expansion
 - o AWT
 - Ozone
 - MF → Ultra Filtration
 - Ultra Violet Photolysis



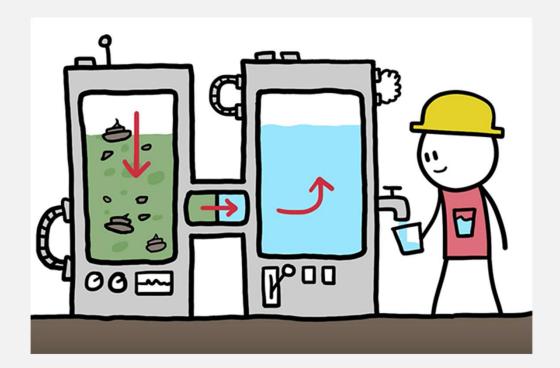








Next Generation – Direct Potable Reuse







DPR Rule Changes

- January 1, 2018 State DPR Prohibition Lifted
 - Phase I R18-9-E701
 - Outline elements for design and source water monitoring
 - Phase II delayed
 - Needs to outline specifics rule requirements
- July 2018 ADEQ Asks for Projects





First Steps

- October 4, 2018 ADEQ and Scottsdale Water Meet
 - Scottsdale Water outlines thoughts on demonstration project
 - ADEQ expresses need for someone to be first and help determine process
- October 18, 2018
 - Team from ADEQ tours Water Campus
 - COS outlines intent to have DPR taps at end of AWT not at CAP plant
 - Tap 1 Water for making beer (water-based products)
 - o Tap 2 Taste testing for tours and Citizen Academy
 - Discuss preliminary issues
 - Log removal requirements
 - Emerging contaminants
 - Monitoring before distribution of water





Additional Treatment

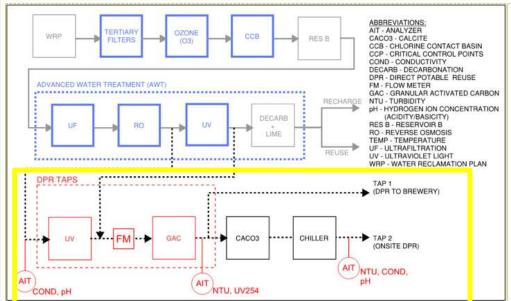
 Though the Water Campus has all treatment necessary to meet quality standards an additional treatment skid

is being added

- Redundant UV
- GAC for polishing
- Remineralization
- o Chiller

Design, construction and permit support provided by















Permit Application

- February 7, 2019 Scottsdale Water Submits Permit Application
 - Individual Reclaimed Water Permit
 - No application available for DPR
 - Included preliminary proposal for Design Report criteria
 - No pilot study AWT has been operating 20 years
 - o Log Removal credits of 10/8/8 split between California and Texas
 - Short list of Emerging contaminants
 - o Drinking water standards monitoring
 - o Process Control Monitoring prior to release of water for events





Challenges

- Laboratory license for emerging contaminants
 - ADHS unable to license Scottsdale WQ Lab because compounds not regulated.
 - Will analyze as process control
- Determination of Public Water System
 - Number of people served during taste tests will be less than threshold to classify as non-public water system
 - Not required to do any drinking water monitoring for a drinking water program.
 - System will be locked out while not in use to prevent access







Challenges

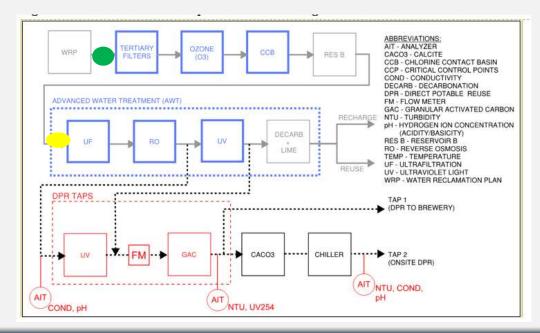
- Operator certification or training
 - Not currently a license that covers reclaimed and drinking water together
 - ADEQ not requiring dual certification but Scottsdale water is working toward dual certification
 - Scottsdale Water will provide drinking water training by Water Quality staff
- Demonstration of technical, financial and management capability
 - Water Campus has been in operation for 20 years so technical and management are proven
 - Provided financial statement





Challenges

- "Source Water" location determination
 - Sampling per rule is required at location deemed to be "source water" and meet
 A+ requirements
 - For Water Campus that was determined to be UF Influent
 - For log removal credit "source water" starts at tertiary treatment - prior to ozone, filtration and disinfection







Final Steps

- April 30, 2019 Scottsdale Water Submits Design Report and O&M
 - New treatment skid is fully design and build begins
- Involvement of Maricopa County
 - ATC/AOC Not required as program was not delegated
 - Drinking Water Not a public water system
 - County Prohibition under review





Draft Permit

- June 7, 2019 ADEQ issues draft permit
 - o Edited version submitted back to ADEQ June 21, 2019
 - Final Draft will require a 30 day public comment period
- New Source Sample UF Influent
 - o Results submitted July 9, 2019
- Finished water sample Taken from DPR Skid, Tap 1
 - In Process



Questions?











Name: Brian Biesemeyer

Phone Number: 480-312-5681

Email: BBiesemeyer@ScottsdaleAZ.gov

