May 11, 2018

The Honorable Bill Shuster
Committee on Transportation and
Infrastructure
2165 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Peter DeFazio
Committee on Transportation and
Infrastructure
2165 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Bob Gibbs
Subcommittee on Water Resources
and Environment
2165 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Grace Napolitano
Subcommittee on Water Resources
and Environment
2165 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Shuster, Ranking Member DeFazio, Chairman Gibbs, and Ranking Member Napolitano:

As the Committee works to develop a Water Resources Development Act (WRDA), we urge you to consider including language that will encourage greater coordination and holistic planning among all levels of government faced with water resources management as well as place a greater focus on holistic planning for this vital resource.

Water resources management is becoming an increasingly complex challenge for local communities as they confront issues such as drought in the West and extreme wet weather events in the Midwest and East. Increasingly, communities are integrating management of local water resources—taking an integrated look at water supply, wastewater treatment, and stormwater management—to ensure optimization of storm events for water supply and minimization of water quality impacts.

The primary purposes of the Army Corps of Engineers’ water resources development program are flood risk management, navigation, and aquatic ecosystem restoration. Water supply and water quality are local responsibilities and the Corps does not plan projects solely for those purposes. While the Corps is typically focused on moving flood water quickly though a watershed, local communities often have water supply and water quality plans that could be adversely impacted by the Corps’ flood control plans. Recognizing that high flows can be both a risk and an asset, we believe that enhanced coordination between the Corps and municipalities during the Corps’ planning process for flood control projects could identify potential conflicts with local water resources plans and identify opportunities for integrating water resources management that could improve water supplies and water quality outcomes.

We believe that including some language in WRDA requiring enhanced coordination between the Corps and municipalities would prompt the Corps to look more carefully at local water quality, aquifer recharge, and/or water reuse plans and, where feasible, incorporate those plans into the federal effort, or at least not adversely impact the local plans. At the same time, such language would encourage local communities with water quality and water supply plans to collaborate with their Corps district office to enable more integrated planning and better management of water resources. We suggest the following language as a WRDA provision:
"sec.xxx, - INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES PLANNING. In carrying out a water resources
development feasibility study, the Secretary shall coordinate with local governments in the watershed
covered by such study to determine if local water management plans exist or are under development for
the purposes of stormwater management, water quality improvement, aquifer recharge, or water reuse."

This is a commonsense provision that will encourage local and federal officials to manage water
as one resource with multiple purposes. It enjoys Bipartisan support in the Committee and we ask that it
be included in the introduced WRDA bill.

Sincerely,

Daniel W. Lipinski
Member of Congress

Jimmy Duncan
Member of Congress