

Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Welcome:

Rhodora Biagtan, Nor CA Chapter WateReuse Ben Horenstein, Santa Rosa Water Department

Speakers:

Chris Nally, Cloacina
Andrew Damron, Napa Sanitation District
Sam Jamison, Jackson Family Wines
Doug Beretta, Beretta Dairy
Andria Loutsch, Nor CA Chapter WateReuse

Closing:

Rhodra Biagtan, Nor CA Chapter WateReuse











Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Welcome

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Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Treatment of Winery Process Wastewater for Reuse

Chris Nally, Cloacina











Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Chloride in Recycled Water of Napa Wine Grapes: Identification of Solutions

Andrew Damron, Napa Sanitation District











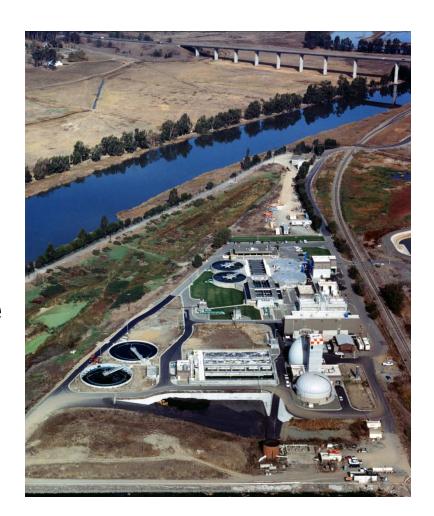
Chloride in Recycled Water for Napa Wine Grapes





NapaSan by the Numbers

- Founded in 1945
- NapaSan serves a population of 82,000 in Napa area
- 270 miles of sewer mains; 36,900 service connections
- 25 miles of recycled water mains





NapaSan Operations

- Sewer Collection System
- Wastewater Treatment
- Recycled Water
- Engineering
- Pollution Prevention





Soscol Water Recycling Facility

- Dry weather flow = 6.0 mgd
- Average treatment = 10 mgd
- Wet weather flow = 50+ mgd
- Physical, biological & chemical processes
- 340 acre pond system

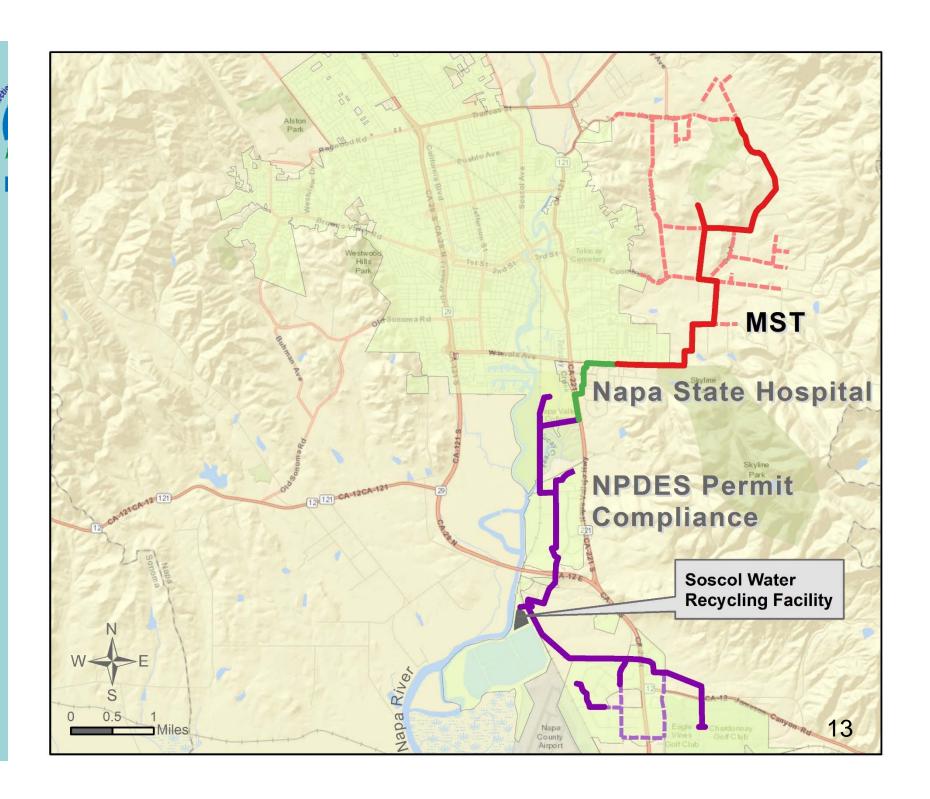


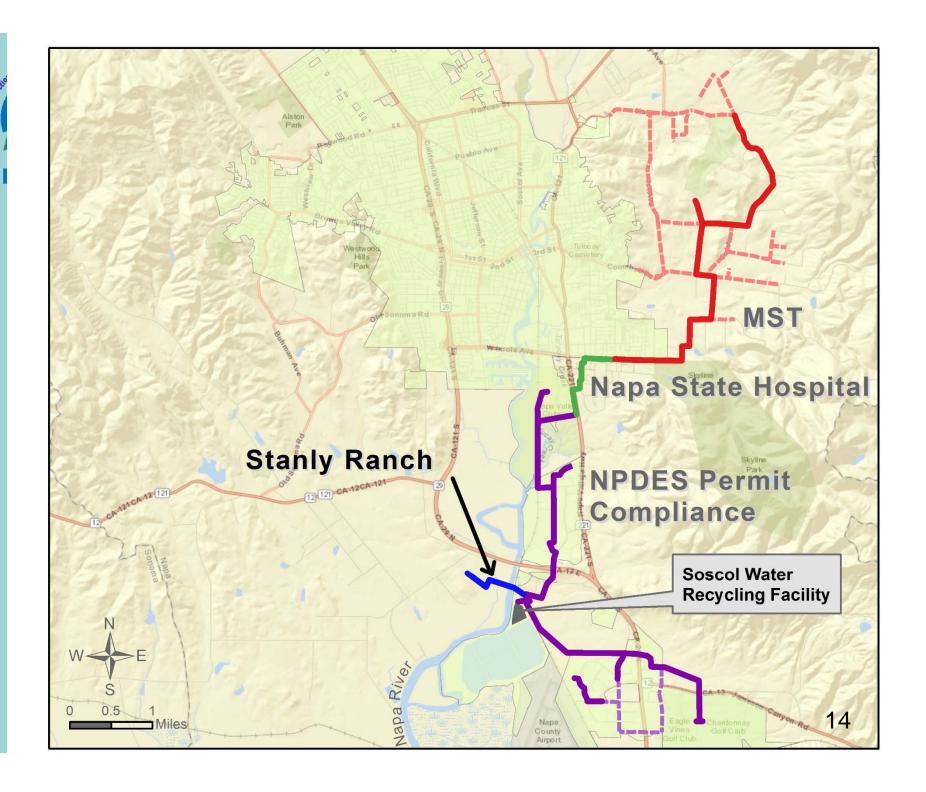


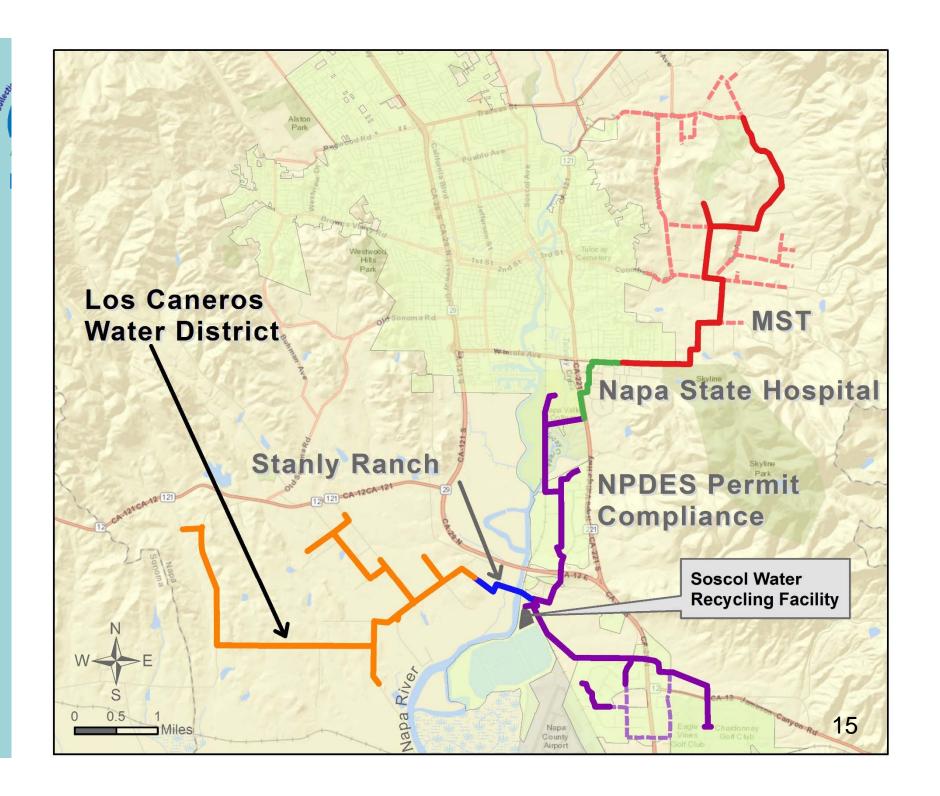
History of Recycled Water

- Discharge permit dryseason discharge prohibition
- 1985 Kirkland pipeline
 - secondary disinfected
- 1997 WWTP expansion
 Title 22 water
- 2004 Kennedy pipeline
- 2013-2016 Expansion











NapaSan RW Expansion

- 2014 14 miles of recycled water
 \$20 million in construction cost
 - Paid for by customers
 - Vineyard irrigators
- Assessment Districts
- Voluntary participation
- 1,500 ac-ft / yr of demand

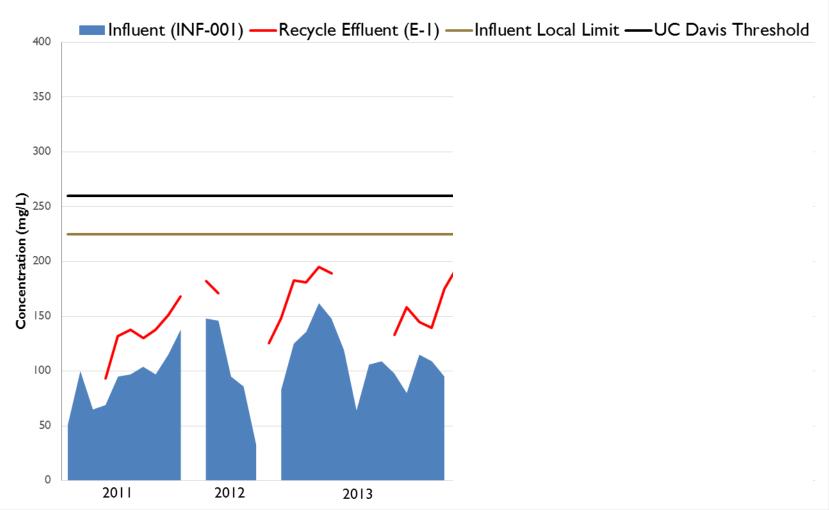


Water Quality for Wine Grapes

- 2006 UC Davis study
 - Chloride threshold for wine grapes
 - 7.4 meq/L = 262.7 mg/L
- NapaSan recycled water is used for vineyard irrigation and high chloride levels can cause leaf burn
- Inhibited growth or crop yield
- NapaSan treatment process does not remove chloride

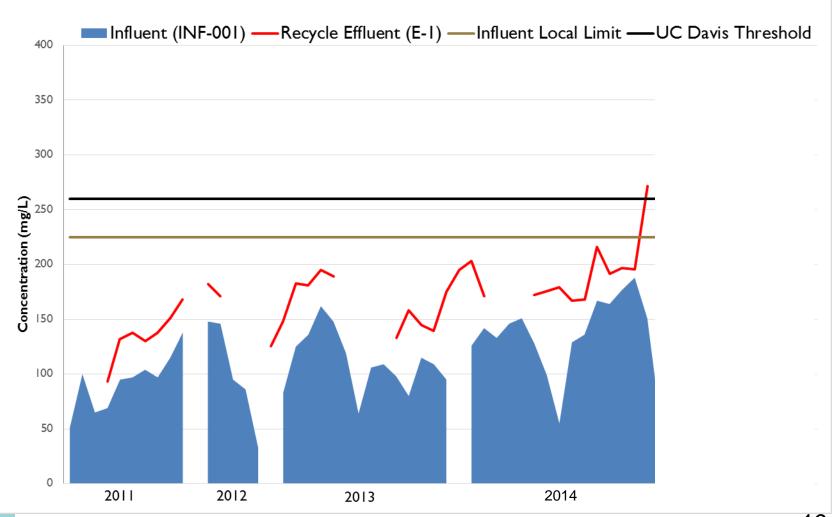


Chloride Concentrations 2011-2013



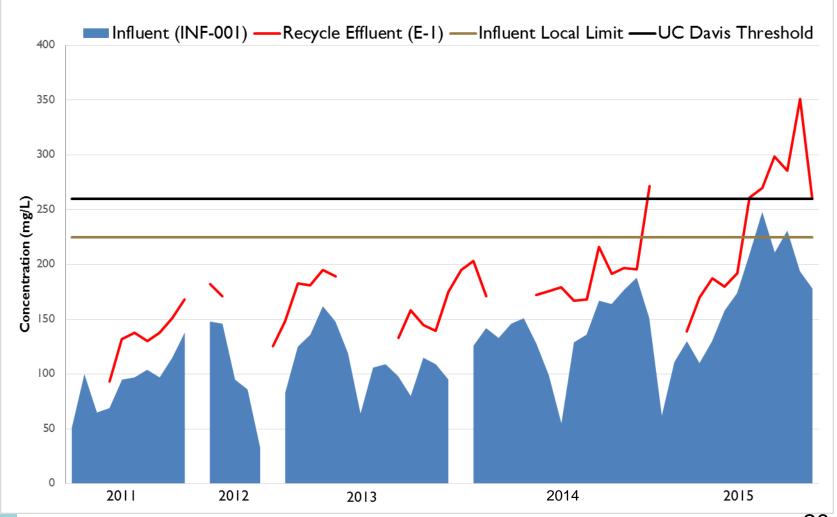


Chloride Concentrations 2011-2014





Chloride Concentrations 2011-2015





Sources of Chloride

- Potable water
- Water softeners
 - Discharge a concentrated salt solution
- Boilers/Cooling towers
 - Condense potable water which concentrates the chloride in the system's wastewater
- Bleach/soap
 - Contain chloride
- Medical facilities
 - Dispose of salt solutions, operate boilers/cooling towers, and operate water softeners
- Pool filters
 - Discharge high levels of chloride during backwash







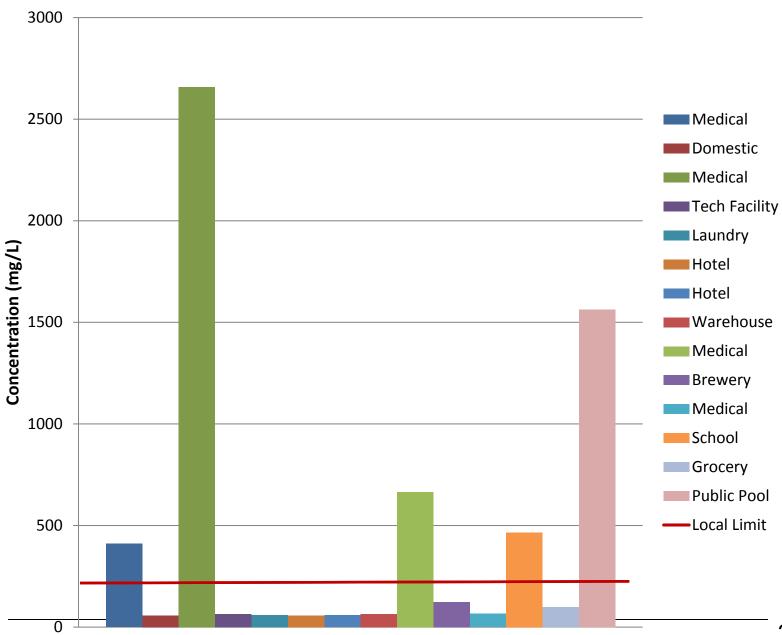
Initial Research

- Spoke with and visited Top 50 water users regarding potential chloride discharges
- Reviewed business licenses and building permits issued in the last 2 years
- Collected 500+ grab samples at approx. 30 locations

Slide 22



Initial Chloride Site Monitoring





Chloride sources (as a % of UC Davis Threshold)

Source	Chloride Load (% of UCD Threshold)
Residential wastewater (based on 50 mg/L chloride)	19%
Medical facility	1 - 2%
20 Commercial water softeners (based on data from a commercial laundry facility)	1%
Hospital	0.5 - 1%
Public pool (one pool; school location)	0.5 - 1%

Notes: All values based on ADWF = 6.0 MGD UC Davis threshold = 262.7 mg/L

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What is the source of chloride?



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Napa River

- Influence by tide
- Less fresh water due to drought



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Chloride sources (as a % of UC Davis Threshold

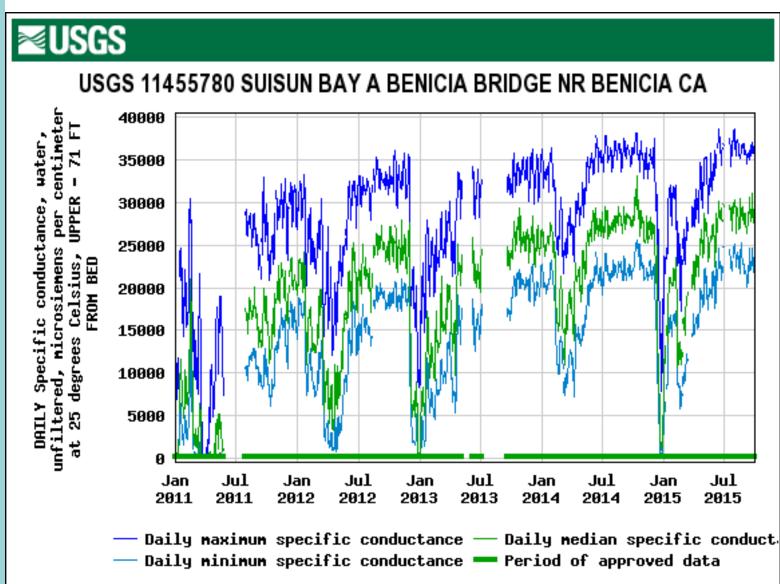
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Public pool (one pool; school location)	0.5 - 1%
Leak in a manhole near the Napa River (based on a 5 gpm leak at 800 mg/L chloride)	0.5%

Notes: All values based on ADWF = 6.0 MGD UC Davis threshold = 262.7 mg/L

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Suisun Bay Conductivity 2011-2015





Collection System Evaluation

- Grab samples vs composite samples
- Analysis of chloride levels
- Costly and time consuming

- Inspected over 100 manholes
 - Deep pipes, near river

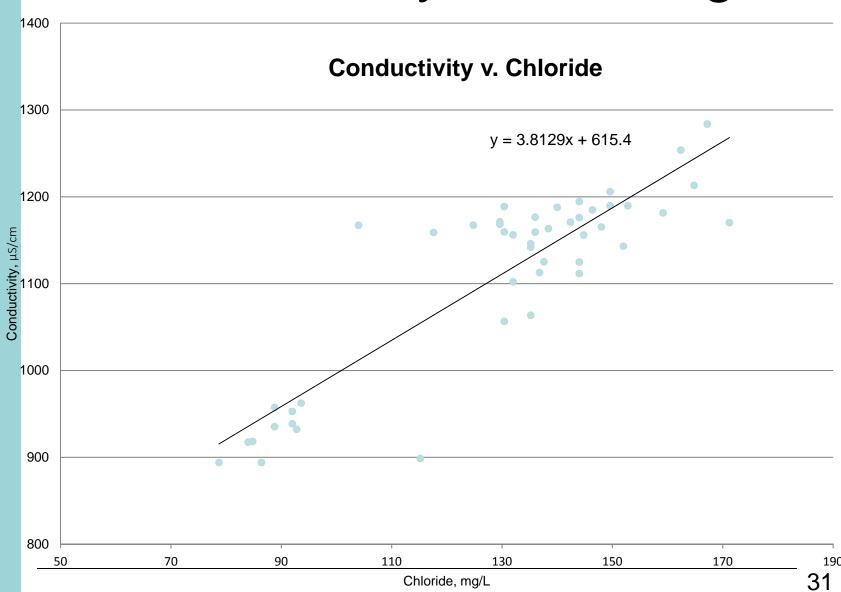
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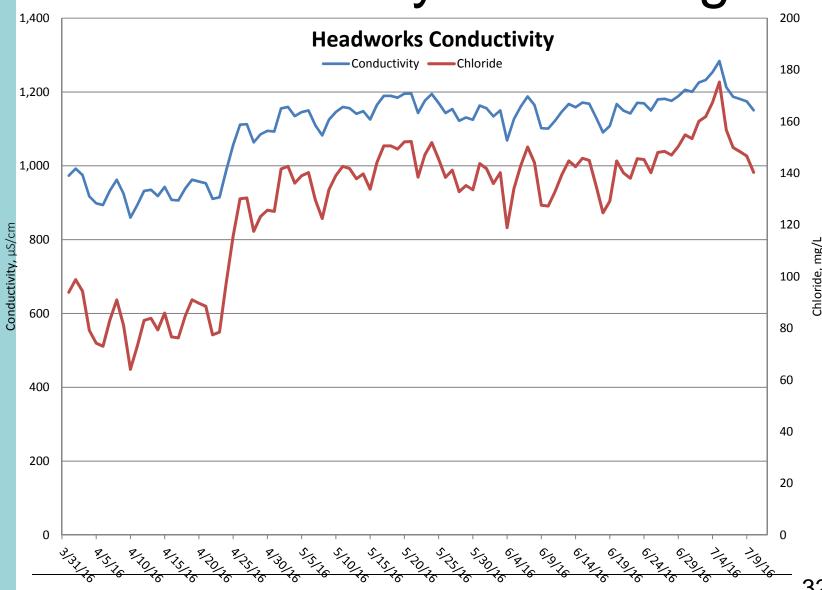
- Conductivity is relatively easy to measure and is used to estimate chloride concentration
- Data loggers measure and record conductivity at 5 minute intervals
- NSD studied the correlation between conductivity and chloride in site specific samples

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- 8 Fixed Monitoring Locations
 - Track changes in conductivity over time
 - Correlate conductivity to tide stage, river salinity, rainfall, temperature, etc.
 - Strategically located to isolate areas within the collection system
- 3 "Roving" Data Loggers
 - Trace high levels of conductivity upstream from fixed monitoring locations to pinpoint sources

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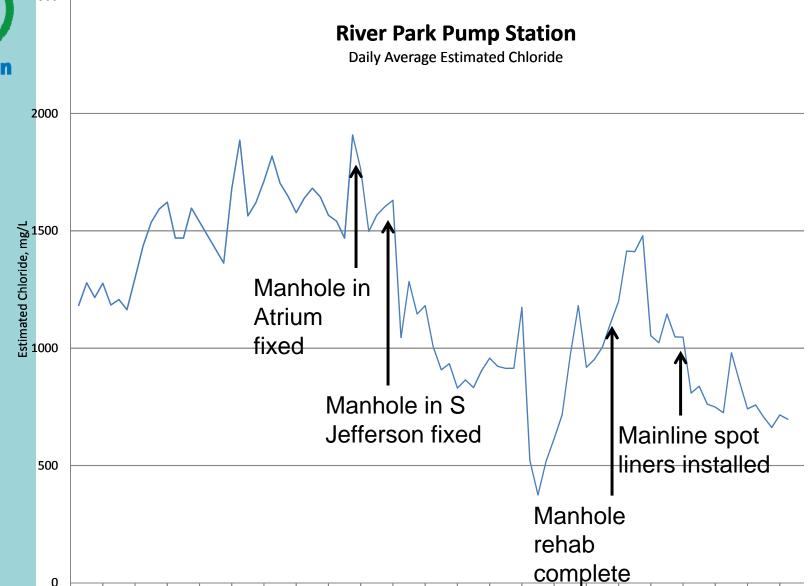
Mainline Spot Liner – South Newport Drive



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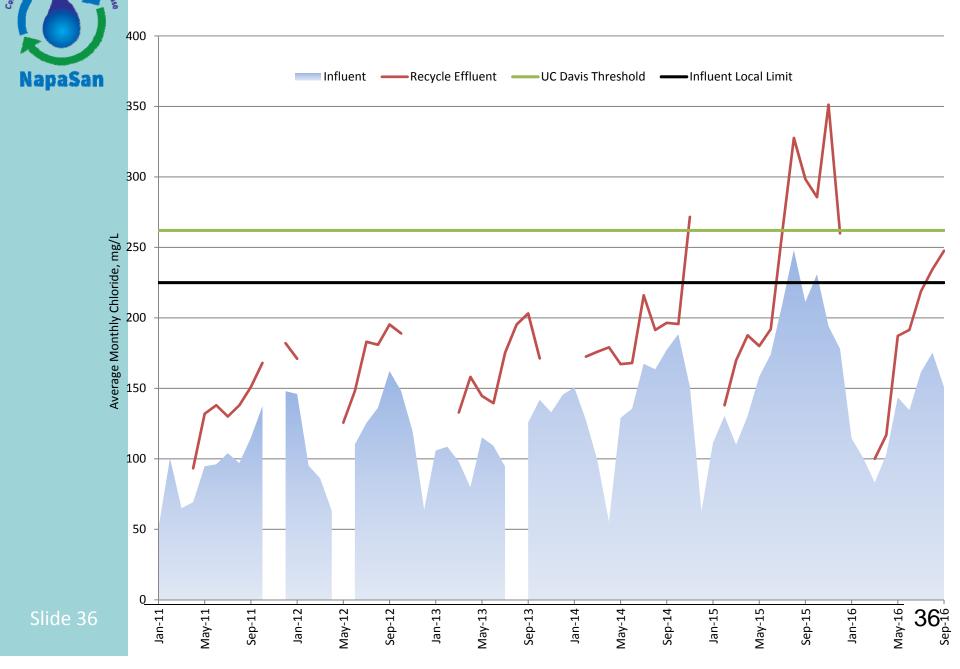
Chloride at River Park Pump Station



05/76

-1/2A/76

NSD Chloride Concentrations 2011-2016





Questions

Andrew Damron, PE
Technical Services Director

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Northern California Chapter Meeting
May 19, 2017

Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



From Water to Wine

Sam Jamison, Jackson Family Wines

Meeting Sponsors:

















































































































Inaugural Family Responsibility Report & Goals



Selected 5-Year Goals:

- 25% GHG intensity reduction
- 33% water intensity reduction
- 50% electricity offset from solar
- 50% solid waste reduction
- 85% sustainable grower fruit



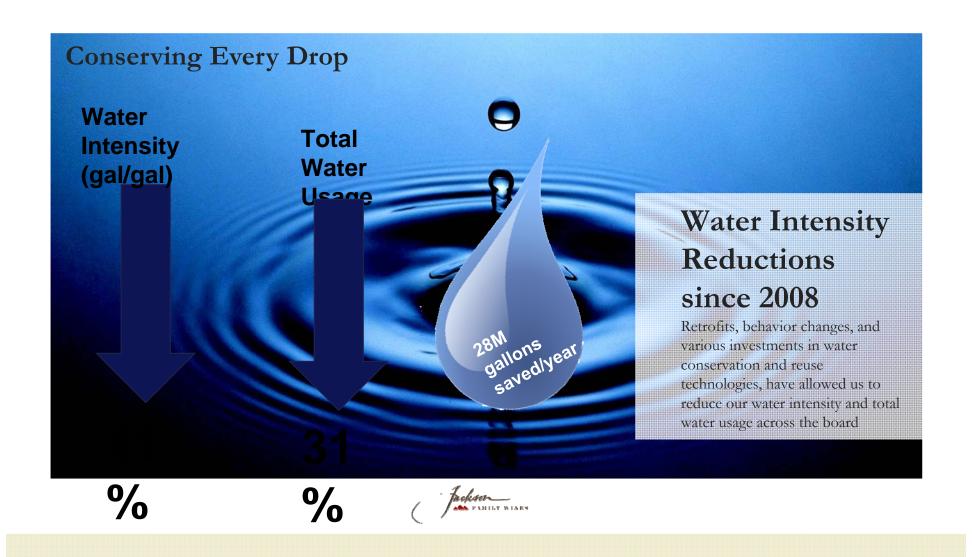
Jackson Family Wines Unveils New Report, Goals Aimed at Advancing Field of Sustainable Wine



Dirty little secret of the Wine Industry







What Makes Wine Unique?

- 1. Are we Agriculture? Or Industrial? Or Commercial/Retail?
- 2. Seasonal we aren't making beer after all
- 3. And then there's this little thing called HARVEST







We developed a water recycling system for our stainless cellars that reuses pH balanced cleaning solution for consecutive tank washes, saving ~150 gallons of water per tank wash.



HOL TOPKS THIS SIDE

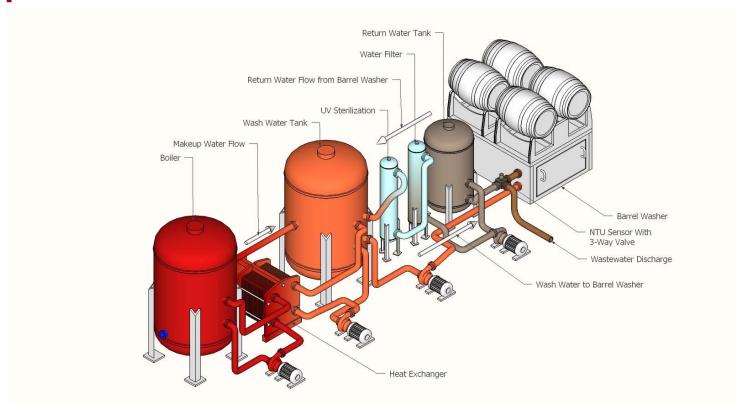
Opportunities – Tank Wash Water Recycling







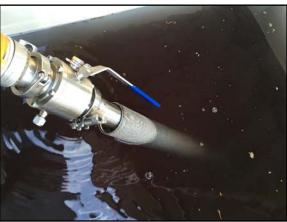
Opportunities – What about Small Barrel Washers?





Opportunities – Must Piping









Opportunities – A Bin is a Resource!





Opportunities – Cleaning Floors









Opportunities – Showering your Barrels?













We are leveraging existing fermentation tank infrastructure to store water for feeding cooling towers & offset well water usage. But what other opportunities exist for use of this high quality water?

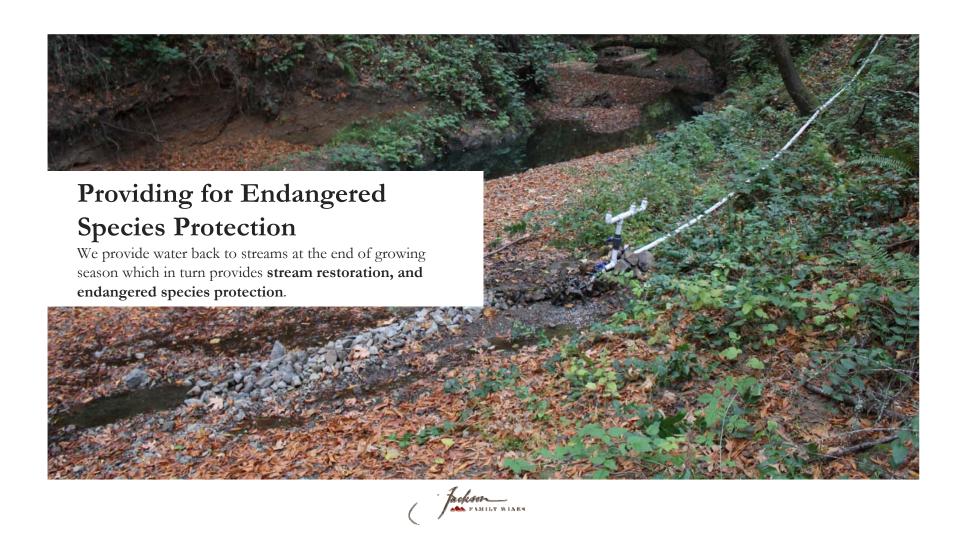




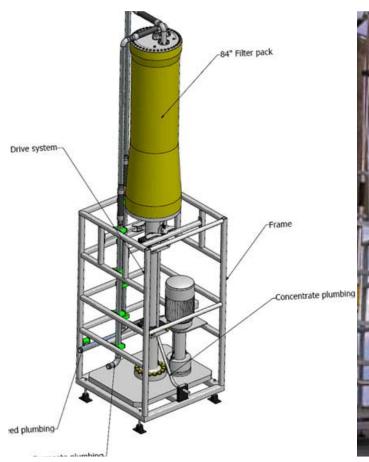










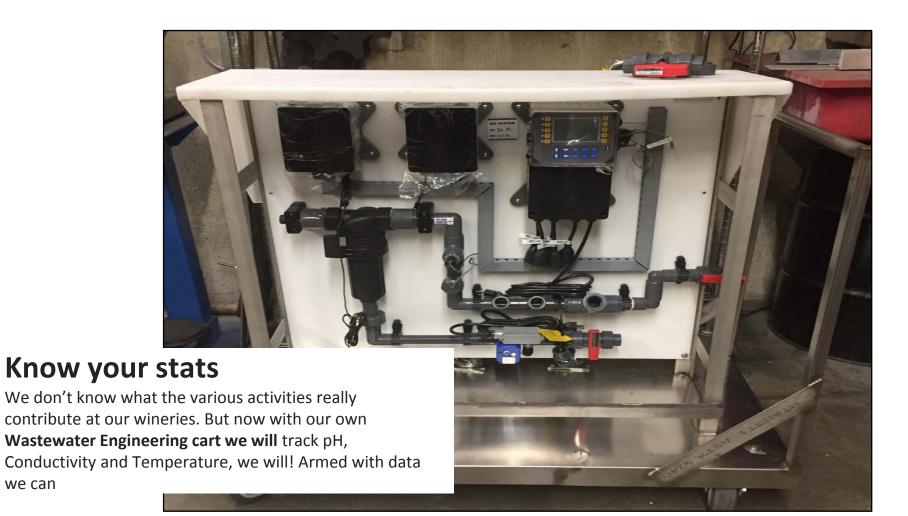




Technologies

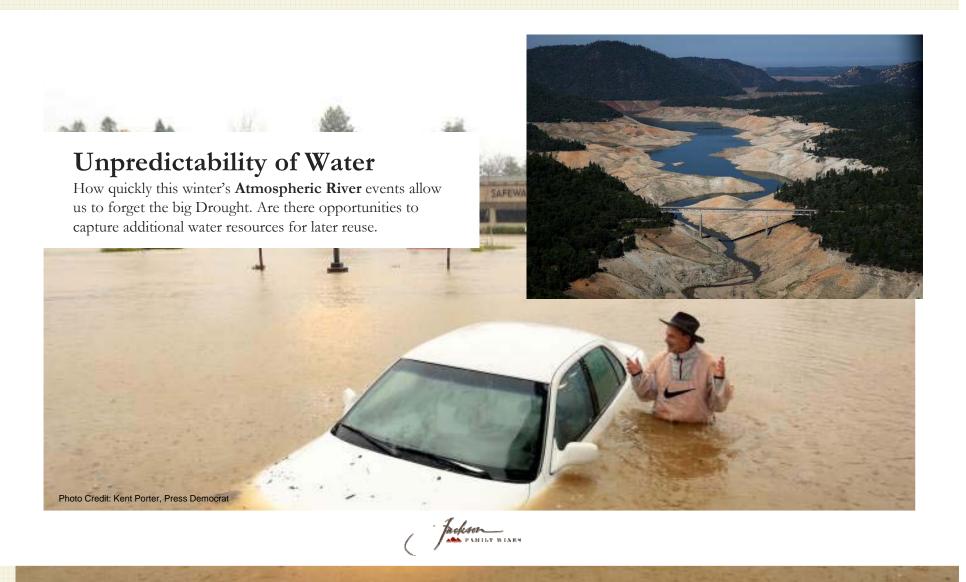
We continue to research other innovative water conservation and reuse technologies for deployment in our wineries, such as VSEP, a vertical RO system and Porifera FO, potentially capable of recycling water up







we can



Water Conservation & Reuse Best Practices

The JFW Roadmap

- Conduct audits know when & where you use water
- Assign a price to every gallon you use
- Set reduction goals now!
- Integrate water conservation into annual strategic planning & bonuses (e.g. water reduction awards)
- Train seasonal/temporary employees
- Share new ideas internally & with the world!



The Challenge

Calling on the Experts...

- Water has great value, but doesn't cost very much
- Regulation that makes it easy
- More and cheaper solutions for treatment and reuse
- What to do with the reject stream
- Employee engagement and community acceptance of water reuse







Northern California Chapter Meeting May 19, 2017

Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Agriculture Reuse: Then and Now

Doug Beretta, Beretta Dairy

Meeting Sponsors:











Northern California Chapter Meeting
May 19, 2017

Recycled Water: Food, Ag, & Bev



Legislative and Committee Updates

Andria Loutsch, Nor CA WateReuse

Meeting Sponsors:









Leg/Reg Update

Northern California WateReuse Chapter Santa Rosa

Andria Loutsch

May 19, 201



CDM Smith.

Agenda

- Bills
- CWSRF Intended Use Plan
- Recycled Water Policy
- Upcoming Events

AB 574 (Quirk)

- Potable reuse
- Updates the definition of potable reuse to specify 4 types: groundwater augmentation, reservoir augmentation, raw water augmentation, treated water augmentation
- On suspense high costs

SB onsite the tied water

- WRCA & CASA asked for same amendments
 - More local control
 - Local agencies can opt out
- SFPUC is still working on it

SB 5 (De León)

- Bonds for drought/water/parks/climate/coastal protection
- Recently amended \$165 M for recycled water, down from \$250 M
- Unlikely to get passed this year

AB 2282

- Dual-plumbing regulations
- 15-day comment period on proposed changes, due 5/24
- CBSC hearing in June

CWSRF Intended Use Plan Changes

- Division of Financial Assistance asked WRCA for criteria for Group 3 projects
- State Board considering changes, goes before State Board in the fall
- Comments on draft IUP due 5/22

Recycled Water Policy Update

- Next steps on policy development
 - CEC Expert Panel
 - Final policy adoption in July 2018
- July 2017
 - First CEC Expert Panel meeting
 - Formation of stakeholder group

Upcoming Events

- June 9, 12:30-2 pm WRCA Leg/Reg Committee call/meeting
- July 13, 1-3 pm CWSRF Policy & Prioritization Workshop @
 EBMUD

Thank You to our Sponsors!







