WateReuse - Orange County Chapter Meeting

Advancements in Potable Reuse



June 2017



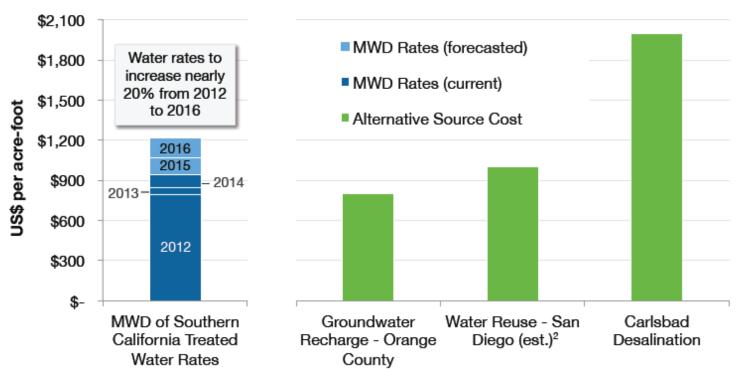
Sunny Wang Andrew Lazenby



PHOTOGRAPH BY GEORGE ROSE, GETTY

Alternative Water Supplies in the California Market

Supply Comparison: MWD Rates vs. Alternative Sourcing Costs



Source: Metropolitan Water District (MWD) of Southern California, Restore the Delta, City of San Diego, AWWA, Bluefield Research

Potable reuse is cost competitive with imported water supplies and significantly less costly compared to seawater desalination. DPR could be even more cost effective.

Brown and Caldwell

² Estimated cost includes US\$1000 per acre-foot offset for avoiding wastewater treatment capacity expansion.

Project Hurdles













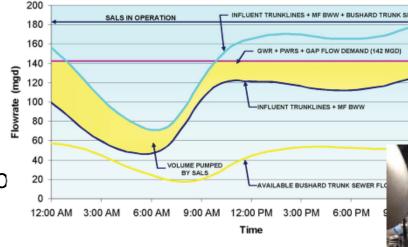
Where Are We Headed in Potable Reuse

Initial Expansion of OCWD GWRS Provided Opportunities to Enhance Performance and Reliability

- Optimize Secondary Treatment
- Secondary flow equalization
- Incorporated energy recovery devices (ERD) to new RO units
- New lime system and post-treatment target
- Final Expansion of **GWRS?**

GWR System at 100 mgd 200 SALS IN OPERATION 180

Expansion Project Mode







Post-Treatment Enhancements

- Post-treatment water quality target was adjusted during Initial Expansion to:
 - Better protect cement mortar lined pipes
 - Prevent scaling of the injection well screens

OCWD GWRS Purified Water Quality Targets

Parameter	Current Goal	Alternative Target
pН	8.5 to 8.8	7.6 to 7.9
Alkalinity, mg/L as CaCO₃	40	40 to 50
Calcium, mg/L	3 to 4	10 to 13
Hardness, mg/L as CaCO₃	7 to 10	25 to 33
Free Carbon Dioxide, mg/L	None	< 3
Buffer Intensity	None	0.100
CCPP, mg/L as CaCO₃	-4 to -2	-3

 Alternative target also mitigated against arsenic mobilization in the groundwater aquifer

West Basin Municipal Water District

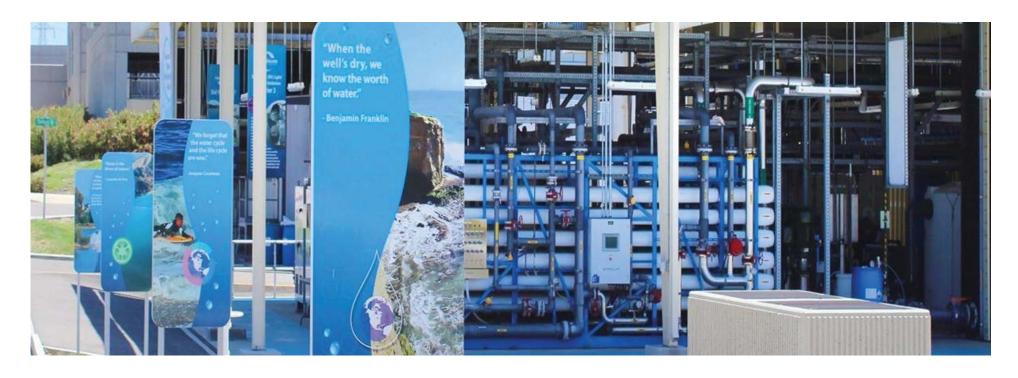
- Source Water Impacts
 - Climate Change
 - Conservation
- Performance Enhancements and Reliability
 - Pre-ozonation
 - Tertiary MBR
 - Universal module MF







Pure Water Runs a Successful Demonstration Plant



- Treatment: O₃+BAC +MF+RO+UV AOP
- 28,000 lab tests: Met all standards
- Water quality: Exceptional
- Energy use: Comparable to imported water
- Application: Surface Water Augmentation

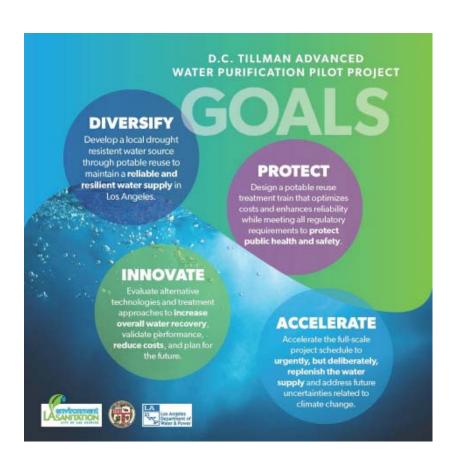
Surface Water Augmentation with Pure Water



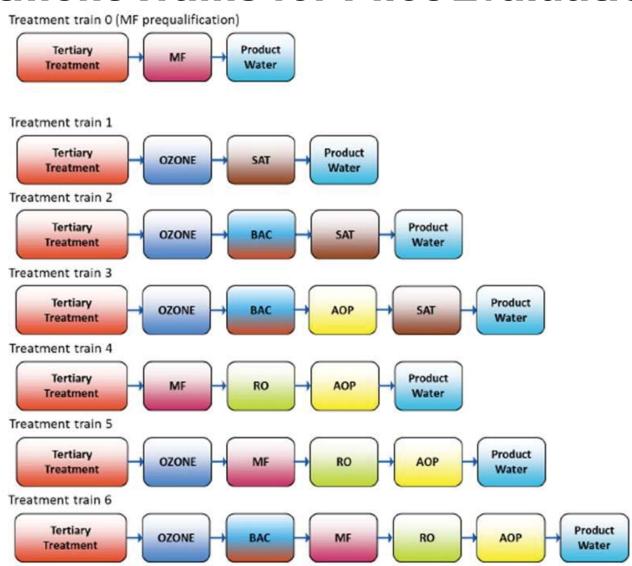
- Draft Criteria for Surface Water Augmentation (CA)
 - Retention time ≥ 6 months
 - Full advanced treatment
 - Dilution and mixing options = 99:1 dilution or 9:1 dilution with +1-log treatment

City of LA DC Tillman AWPF Pilot

- Design a "Fit for Purpose" treatment train
- 2. Reverse osmosis brine minimization
- 3. Test new AOP technologies for DCTWRP water matrix
- 4. MF/UF Prequalification

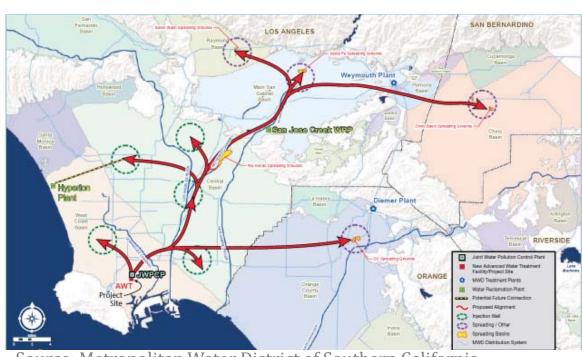


Treatment Trains for Pilot Evaluation



Metropolitan Water District of Southern California's Regional Recycled Water Supply Program

- Regional partnership between Metropolitan Water District of Southern California and Los Angeles County Sanitation District
- Diversify water supply portfolio beyond traditional supplies
- Demo project for proof of concept (tertiary MBR)
- Planned ultimate production capacity of 150 mgd

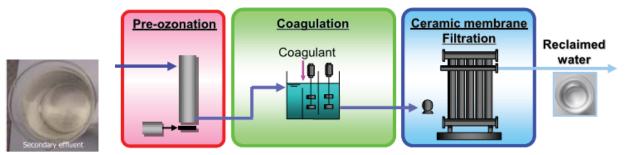


Source: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California



Treatment Technology Advancements

Technology Advancements - MF/UF



Preozonation

Fouli

Ceramic Membrane

Microbial deactivation Color removal Odor removal Fouling Reduction

Coagulation

Particle removal
TOC & DOC removal
Ozone Resistance

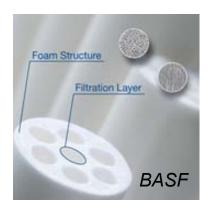
O₃ +Ceramic MF Metawater, IOA 2015

Alternative Non-RO Potable Reuse Train w/ O3 + Ceramic MF + GAC + UV AOP?

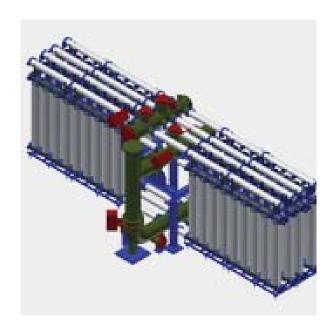
Technology Advancements – MF/UF



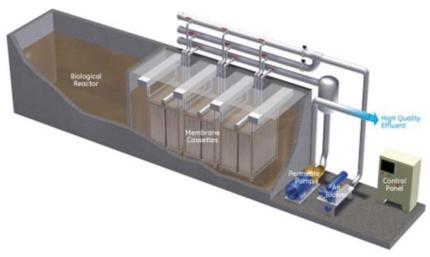
Universal Rack



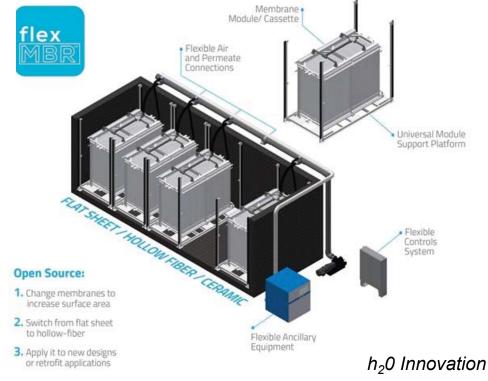
Multibore membranes (PES)



Tech Advancements - MBR

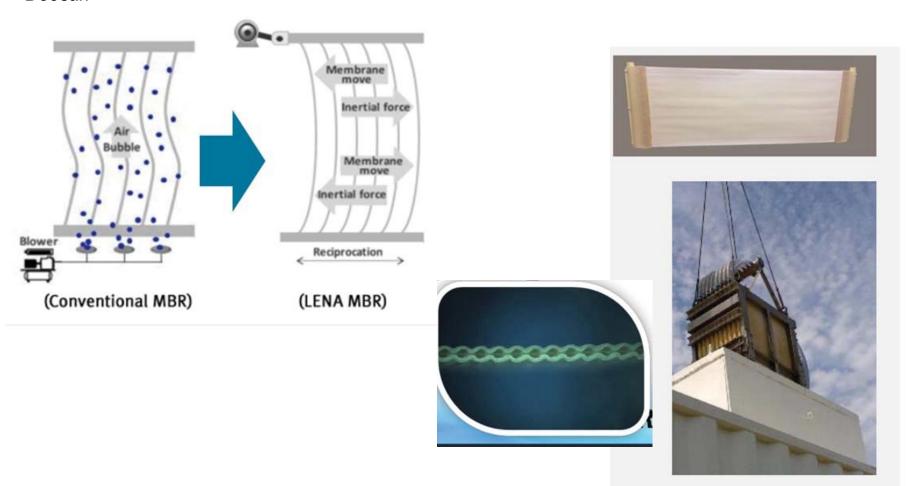


- Tertiary MBR
- MBR Log Removal Credits for Potable Reuse
- Open platform
- New configurations
- Alternative cleaning systems



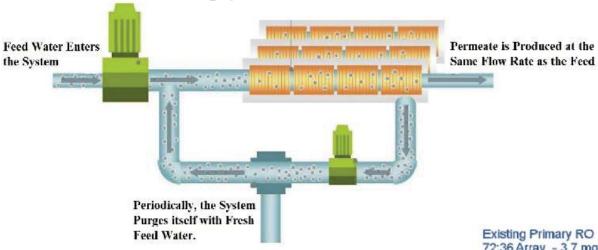
Tech Advancements - MBR

Doosan



Anaergia FiberPlate

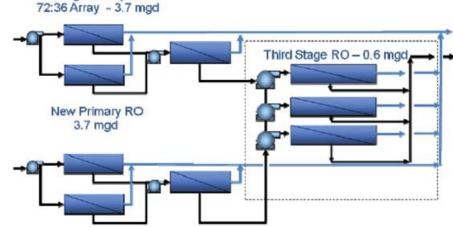
Technology Advancements - RO



Closed Circuit Desalination

Desalitech

- Others:
 - HERO
 - VSEP
 - Forward Osmosis



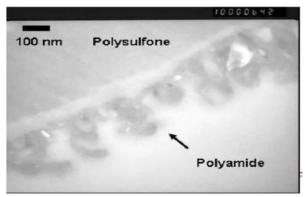
Three-Stage RO

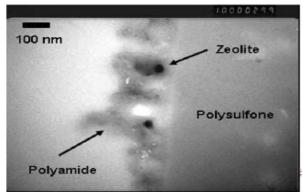
Water Replenishment District of Southern California

Technology Advancements – RO Membranes

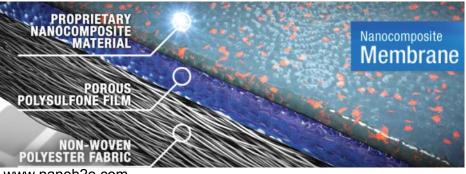
 Thin Film Nanocomposite – Preferential transport of water molecules through super-hydrophilic

nanoparticles.





Jeong et al., J. Membr. Sci., 2007.



www.nanoh2o.com



Up to 20% Less Energy



Up to 70% More Water



Up to 40% Smaller Plant

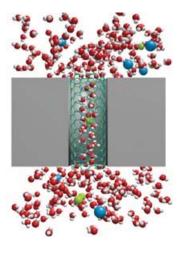
Technology Advancements – RO Membranes

- Nanotube Membranes –
 Preferential transport of water molecules through super-hydrophilic carbon and boron nitride nanotubes.
- Graphene Oxide
 Membranes –
 Low-friction water molecules
 transport through two dimensional nanocapillaries with
 sieving mechanism for salt
 rejection.
- Aquaporin Membranes –
 Transport of water molecules through protein channels.

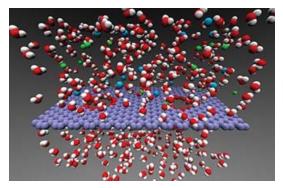
 Selective rapid diffusion caused by osmotic gradients.



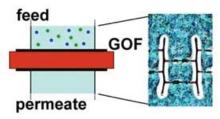
www.nanoasisinc.com



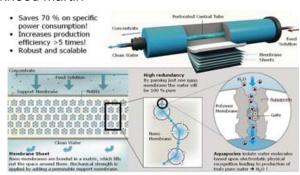
Hilder et al., Small, 2009.



Source: Lockheed Martin



Nicolia et al., *Phys.Chem.Chem. Phys.*, 2014.



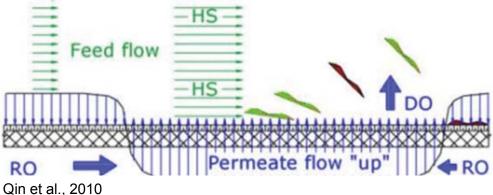
Technology Advancements – RO Membrane Cleaning

 IDE PROGREEN and Direct Osmosis Cleaning System



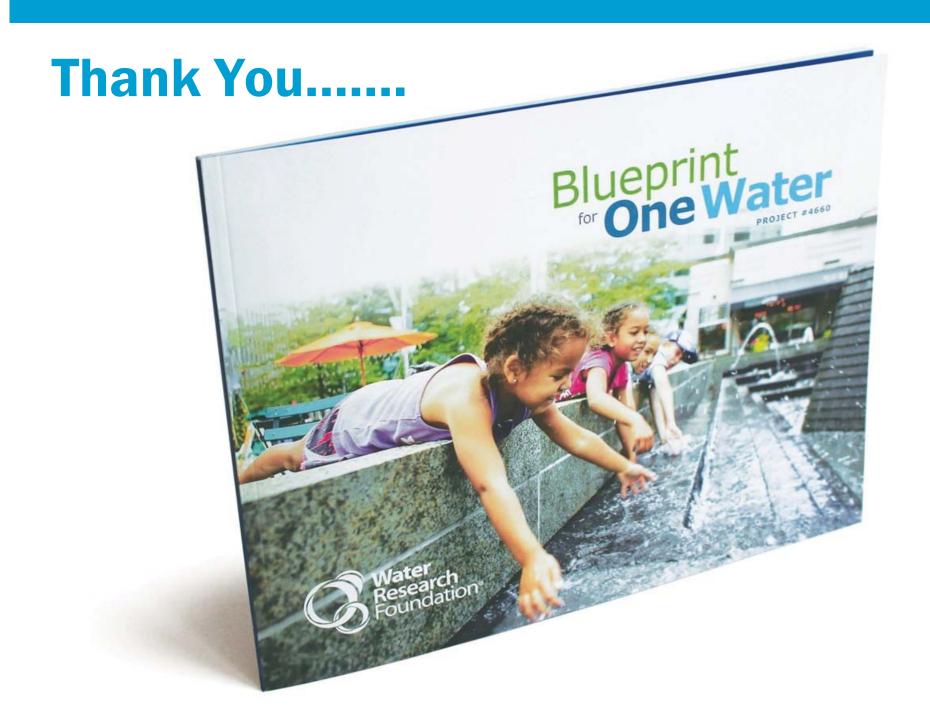
IDE Technologies

- Biofouling control via dehydration of bacteria with high salinity solution
- Increase in shear velocity from high salinity pulse
- Dissolution of proto-crystals from permeate backflow



Alternative Treatment Solutions – Potable Reuse

- Aquifer Storage Recovery
- High Recovery RO systems
- Non RO based treatment trains = ozone, BAC, GAC, soil aquifer treatment
- Sensor Technology
- Critical Control Points
- Many more......DIRECT POTABLE REUSE?





Questions?

